



REGULATORY SERVICES COMMITTEE

21 May 2013

REPORT

Subject Heading:

P0372.13: Briar Site 9G – Garage Court adjacent to 1 Snowdrop Path, Clematis Close, Romford

Demolition of existing garages and erection of a two storey houses (1 x 3 bed); creation of parking (application received 28 March 2013)

Report Author and contact details:

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Policy context:

Local Development Framework

Financial summary:

None

The subject matter of this report deals with the following Council Objectives

Ensuring a clean, safe and green borough	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Championing education and learning for all	<input type="checkbox"/>
Providing economic, social and cultural activity in thriving towns and villages	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Valuing and enhancing the lives of our residents	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Delivering high customer satisfaction and a stable council tax	<input type="checkbox"/>

SUMMARY

The application forms part of a package of planning applications for development within the Briar Road Estate. Each application has been considered on its own merits. This application is considered to be acceptable in all material respects and, subject to the prior completion of a S106 legal agreement to secure the payment of the Planning Obligations Contribution, it is recommended that planning permission is granted subject to conditions.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the proposal is unacceptable as it stands but would be acceptable subject to the applicant entering into a Legal Agreement under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), to secure the following:

- A financial contribution of £6,000 to be used towards infrastructure costs in accordance with the draft Planning Obligations Supplementary Planning Document.
- All contribution sums shall include interest to the due date of expenditure and all contribution sums to be subject to indexation from the date of completion of the Section 106 agreement to the date of receipt by the Council.
- The Developer/Owner to pay the Council's reasonable legal costs associated with the Legal Agreement prior to the completion of the agreement irrespective of whether the agreement is completed.
- Payment of the appropriate planning obligations monitoring fee prior to the completion of the agreement.

That Staff be authorised to enter into a legal agreement to secure the above and upon completion of that agreement, grant planning permission subject to the conditions set out below.

1. Time limit - The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To comply with the requirements of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004).

2. Accordance with plans - The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the approved drawings as listed on page 1 of this decision notice.

Reason: To accord with the submitted details and LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

3. Car parking - Before the buildings hereby permitted are first occupied, the areas set aside for car parking shall be laid out and surfaced to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. The parking areas shall be retained permanently thereafter and shall not be used for any other purpose.

Reason: To ensure that car parking accommodation is made permanently available to the standards adopted by the Local Planning Authority in the interest of highway safety and in order that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC33.

4. Materials – Before any of the development hereby permitted is commenced, samples of all materials to be used in the external construction of the building(s) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and thereafter the development shall be constructed with the approved materials.

Reason: To ensure that the appearance of the proposed development will harmonise with the character of the surrounding area and in order that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

5. Landscaping – No development shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority a scheme of hard and soft landscaping, which shall include indications of all existing trees and shrubs on the site, and details of any to be retained, together with measures for the protection in the course of development. All planting, seeding or turfing comprised within the scheme shall be carried out in the first planting season following completion of the development and any trees or plants which within a period of 5 years from completion of the development die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of a similar size and species, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In accordance with Section 197 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to enhance the visual amenities of the development, and that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

6. Boundary Treatment – The development hereby approved shall not be occupied until boundary fencing has been erected on the site in accordance with details which shall have been previously submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The boundary treatment shall be retained thereafter in accordance with the approved plans.

Reason: In the interests of privacy and amenity and to accord with Policies DC61 and DC63 of the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document.

7. Hours of construction - No construction works or construction related deliveries into the site shall take place other than between the hours of 08.00 to 18.00 on Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 hours on Saturdays unless agreed in writing with the local planning authority. No construction works or construction related deliveries shall take place on Sundays, Bank or Public Holidays unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

Reason: To protect residential amenity and in order that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

8. Wheel washing - Before the development hereby permitted is first commenced, details of wheel scrubbing/wash down facilities to prevent mud being deposited onto the public highway during construction works shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved facilities shall be permanently retained and used at relevant entrances to the site throughout the course of construction works.

Reason: In order to prevent materials from the site being deposited on the adjoining public highway, in the interests of highway safety and the amenity of the surrounding area.

9. Construction methodology - Before development is commenced, a scheme shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority making provision for a Construction Method Statement to control the adverse impact of the development on the amenity of the public and nearby occupiers. The Construction Method statement shall include details of:

- a) parking of vehicles of site personnel and visitors;
- b) storage of plant and materials;
- c) dust management controls
- d) measures for minimising the impact of noise and, if appropriate, vibration arising from construction activities;
- e) predicted noise and, if appropriate, vibration levels for construction using methodologies and at points agreed with the local planning authority;
- f) scheme for monitoring noise and if appropriate, vibration levels using methodologies and at points agreed with the local planning authority; siting and design of temporary buildings;
- g) scheme for security fencing/hoardings, depicting a readily visible 24-hour contact number for queries or emergencies;
- h) details of disposal of waste arising from the construction programme, including final disposal points. The burning of waste on the site at any time is specifically precluded.

And the development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme and statement.

Reason: To protect residential amenity and in order that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

10. No additional flank windows - Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (as amended), no window or other opening (other than those shown on the approved plans), shall be formed in the flank walls of the dwellings hereby permitted, unless specific permission under the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 has first been sought and obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In order to ensure a satisfactory development that will not result in any loss of privacy or damage to the environment of neighbouring properties which exist or may be proposed in the future.

11. Removal of permitted development rights - Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 Article 3, Schedule 2, Part 1, as amended by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted development) (Amendment)(no. 2)(England) Order 2008, or any subsequent order revoking or re-enacting that order, no development shall take place under Classes A, B, C, D or E (other than outbuildings with a volume no greater than 10 cubic metres) unless permission under the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 has first been sought and obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interests of amenity and to enable the Local Planning Authority to retain control over future development, and in order that the development accords with Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC61.

12. Alterations to Public Highway: The proposed alterations to the Public Highway shall be submitted in detail for approval prior to the commencement of the development.

Reason: In the interest of ensuring good design and ensuring public safety and to comply with policies CP10, CP17 and DC61 of the Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document.

13. Licence to alter Public Highway: The necessary agreement, notice or licence to enable the proposed alterations to the Public Highway shall be entered into prior to the commencement of the development.

Reason: To ensure the interests of the travelling public and are maintained and comply with policies CP10, CP17 and DC61 of the Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document.

14. Land contamination - Prior to the commencement of any works pursuant to this permission the developer shall submit for the written approval of the Local

Planning Authority (the Phase I Report having already been submitted to the Local Planning Authority):

a) A Phase II (Site Investigation) Report if the Phase I Report confirms the possibility of a significant risk to any sensitive receptors. This is an intrusive site investigation including factors such as chemical testing, quantitative risk assessment and a description of the site ground conditions. An updated Site Conceptual Model should be included showing all the potential pollutant linkages and an assessment of risk to identified receptors.

b) A Phase III (Risk Management Strategy) Report if the Phase II Report confirms the presence of a significant pollutant linkage requiring remediation. The report will comprise two parts:

Part A - Remediation Scheme which will be fully implemented before it is first occupied. Any variation to the scheme shall be agreed in writing to the Local Planning Authority in advance of works being undertaken. The Remediation Scheme is to include consideration and proposals to deal with situations where, during works on site, contamination is encountered which has not previously been identified. Any further contamination shall be fully assessed and an appropriate remediation scheme submitted to the Local Planning Authority for written approval.

Part B - Following completion of the remediation works a 'Validation Report' must be submitted demonstrating that the works have been carried out satisfactorily and remediation targets have been achieved.

c) If during development works any contamination should be encountered which was not previously identified and is derived from a different source and/or of a different type to those included in the contamination proposals, then revised contamination proposals shall be submitted to the LPA; and

d) If during development work, site contaminants are found in areas previously expected to be clean, then their remediation shall be carried out in line with the agreed contamination proposals.

For further guidance see the leaflet titled, 'Land Contamination and the Planning Process'.

Reason: To protect those engaged in construction and occupation of the development from potential contamination. Also in order that the development accords with the LDF Development Control Policies Development Plan Document Policy DC53.

15. Secure by Design - Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, details of the measures to be incorporated in to the development demonstrating how the principles and practices of the Secured by Design

Scheme have been included shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details and shall not be occupied until written confirmation of compliance with the agreed details has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interest of creating safer, sustainable communities and to reflect guidance in the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy 7.3 of the London Plan and Policies CP17 and DC63 of the LDF Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document.

INFORMATIVES

1. In aiming to satisfy condition 15 above, the applicant should seek the advice of the Borough Crime Prevention Design Advisor. The services of the Police CPDA are available free of charge through Havering Development and Building Control. It is the policy of the local planning authority to consult with the Borough CPDA in the discharging of community safety conditions.
2. The Highway Authority requires the Planning Authority to advise the applicant that planning approval does not constitute approval for changes to the public highway. Highway Authority approval will only be given after suitable details have been submitted, considered and agreed. The Highway Authority requests that these comments are passed to the applicant. Any proposals which involve building over the public highway as managed by the London Borough of Havering, will require a licence and the applicant must contact StreetCare, Traffic & Engineering on 01708 433750 to commence the Submission/ Licence Approval process.
3. Should this application be granted planning permission, the developer, their representatives and contractors are advised that this does not discharge the requirements under the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 and the Traffic Management Act 2004. Formal notifications and approval will be needed for any highway works (including temporary works) required during the construction of the development.
4. Statement Required by Article 31 (cc) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management) Order 2010: No significant problems were identified during the consideration of the application, and therefore it has been determined in accordance with paragraphs 186-187 of the National Planning Policy Framework 2012.

Reason for Approval:

The proposal is considered to be in accordance with the aims and objectives of the National Planning Policy Framework, Policies 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 5.3, 6.3, 6.9, 6.10, 6.13, 7.3, 7.4 and 8.2 of the London Plan and Policies CP1, CP2, CP9, CP10, CP15, CP16, CP17, DC2, DC3, DC7, DC32-36, DC53, DC55, DC58, DC59, DC60, DC61, DC62, DC63 and DC72 of the Local Development

REPORT DETAIL

1. Site Description

- 1.1 The application site is a current garage court and green located on the north side of Clematis Close, approximately 160 metres northeast of the junction with Mimosa Close. The site is currently occupied by two garage blocks, totalling 12 units and a grassed green area.
- 1.2 Along the western boundary of the site is a two storey flank wall, front and rear gardens of 1-5 Iris Path and access path/green. To the northern boundary is the flank wall, front and part rear gardens of 1-5 Snowdrop Path. To the east is access road/path and staggered terrace of 2-16 Clematis Close. Opposite the site are similar terraced houses and garage/parking courts (the other garage parking courts on Clematis Close are subject to planning applications for residential development) and shed type buildings of the Harold Hill Industrial Area.

2. Description of Proposal

- 2.1 The application will involve the demolition of the existing garage blocks and the construction of a single 2 storey dwelling. 12 parking spaces would be provided south of the proposed dwelling, with 2 of the spaces allocated to the new houses.
- 2.2 The dwelling would have a width of 9.2m and depth of 6.6m deep. The dwelling would have a mono-pitch roof.

3. Relevant History

- 3.1 None of specific relevance to this site. The application forms part of a package of planning applications relating to the Briar Road Estate. Further details of this project and how it fits into the wider Harold Hill Ambitions programme are set out in section 6 of this report.

4. Consultations/Representations:

- 4.1 Neighbour notification letters have been sent to 26 local addresses. One representation has been received objecting to the proposal on the following grounds:
- loss of current access
 - spaces should not be allocated
 - upheaval of construction

- 4.2 Councillor Darvill has written in expressing the following general concerns with the applications submitted for the Briar:

Parking and traffic congestion - Many of the applications relate to the proposed development of garage sites and open parking areas. The current estate layout prevents many residents from having parking spaces close to where they live. The combined impact of reduced parking and garage spaces will give rise to increased congestion and in many cases residents parking vehicles even further from their place of residence. The distance of vehicle parking from place of residence is likely to create increased levels of car crime e.g. theft from vehicles and damage and theft of vehicles. Whilst it is appreciated that the new dwellings built will have dedicated vehicle parking spaces the provision will not necessarily cope with the total demand for parking creating overspill onto the Estate. A concern that has been expressed to me by a number of residents is that the new occupiers will have the advantage of a least one dedicated space whereas most of the existing residents will be in an inferior position leading to tensions between residents.

Building on Open Space - A number of the applications relate to building new homes on open green space which was planned open space for the amenity of residents when the Estate was first designed and built. Many residents have small gardens and quite a lot who live in flats have no gardens at all. Open space on the Estate was designed for its amenity value because of the nature of the way the estate was laid out. By using a number of these spaces the impact will be over development and reduce significantly amenity.

Overlooking – A number of the proposed housing developments are to be built close to existing properties overlooking them and in some cases reducing sun light.

- 4.3 The proposals have been exhibited at a public meeting on the estate on April 24th, attended by more than 80 residents, and subsequently in the Briar Road Information Shop located at no 17 Briar Road.
- 4.4 The fire brigade (water and access) have raised no objection to the proposals. LFEPAs have commented that they have not been able to scale the access width to check requirements for fire access – Note: the access is a minimum of 4.7m wide, in excess of the recommended 3.7m for fire appliance access.
- 4.5 The Borough Crime Prevention Design Advisor has requested that a buffer to the flank wall be provided and requests community safety related condition if permission is granted.

5. Relevant Policies

- 5.1 The National Planning Policy Framework

- 5.2 Policies 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 5.3, 6.3, 6.9, 6.10, 6.13, 7.3, 7.4 and 8.2 of the London Plan are material considerations.
- 5.3 Policies CP1, CP2, CP9, CP10, CP15, CP16, CP17, DC2, DC3, DC7, DC32-36, DC53, DC55, DC58, DC59, DC60, DC61, DC62, DC63 and DC72 of the Local Development Framework (LDF) Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document (DPD) are material considerations. In addition, the draft Planning Obligations SPD, Residential Design SPD, Designing Safer Places SPD, Protecting and Enhancing the Borough's Biodiversity SPD, Protection of Trees During Development SPD and Sustainable Design and Construction SPD are material considerations.

6. Staff Comments

- 6.1 The issues arising from this application are the principle of the development and the linkage between this application and the wider regeneration strategy for the Briar Road estate and Harold Hill generally; the design and visual impact of the development and its impact on the character of the Briar Road estate; the impact on amenity and parking and highway issues.

6.2 Background

- 6.2.1 This application forms part of a package of planning applications, which in combination form a strategy for the regeneration of the Briar Road estate. The proposals form part of the Harold Hill Ambitions programme, which is a regeneration strategy aimed at creating physical and social improvements within this part of the Borough.
- 6.2.2 The Briar Road estate (The Briar) is located in Heaton ward of the Harold Hill area and covers an area of 25 hectares. It is made up of 1,200 homes and has more than 4,000 residents.
- 6.2.3 The Briar also has some particular design issues relating to the quality of some of the housing, the layout of the streets and alleyways and parking, and the use of green spaces. The Briar has some attractive and quiet quarters with mature trees and a green space at Bosworth Field, as well as a community centre at the Betty Strathern centre.
- 6.2.4 In contrast, parts of the estate are in a run down condition with homes in need of investment and the typical problems of restricted access, lack of surveillance and poor use of communal areas and spaces. This has contributed to a decline in the quality of the public realm, with many garages disused for example, and some crime and anti social behaviour.
- 6.2.5 The layout of the estate has resulted in poor connections through the site, with limited pedestrian access in places, insecure surroundings and a general lack of recreational and play facilities. The Radburn layout with poorly overlooked parking areas creates more difficulties. The open spaces throughout the estate are not well connected to each other, and the estate is set back behind Straight Road and to some extent 'on its own'

The Briar and consultation to date

- 6.2.6 During the last 3 years the Council has worked with residents with several rounds of public consultation developing proposals to improve the estate.
- 6.2.7 Initial Phase 1 consultation with residents commenced in October 2008 and generated a high level of interest amongst the community in three public meetings. This was followed by a residents survey in 2009 carried out by an independent company, for the Council and the Briar Community Association. Nearly 900 households responded, more than 70% of those living on the estate. The survey found that more than 70% of residents did have an appetite for more consultation on regeneration.
- 6.2.8 These results were applicable across the whole estate, with no particular parts dissenting. Also the sample interviewed was representative of the ethnic diversity and age of the estate's population. These results therefore provided a very strong mandate for further detailed consultation on regeneration.
- 6.2.9 Phase 2 consultation commenced with the development of the **Briar Improvements Action Plan**, a combination of housing refurbishment through the Decent Homes programme, new homes, environmental improvements and a refurbished and extended Betty Strathern Community Centre. This was published in the Briar Bulletin delivered door to door to all residents and shopkeepers. The Plan was presented to residents at a series of public meetings in March 2010 and at the Harold Hill Area Committee and was received positively.
- 6.2.10 Implementation of the Plan has begun with an extensive Decent Homes programme for tenants which has been underway since March 2010. A limited number of homeowners have also taken up the opportunity of financial support from the London Rebuilding Society to carry out improvements to their homes. The improvements to the Betty Strathern Centre were completed in July 2010 and have resulted in an increasing use of the centre which is managed by the Briar Community Association.
- 6.2.11 Phase 3 involved detailed consultation with the Council engaging consultants PRP to work with residents, Homes In Havering and partners, to turn the Improvements Plan into detailed proposals through a series of 'round table' workshops with residents during June and July 2010, followed by officers discussions during the autumn. The result was the **Briar Development Brief and Improvement Proposals** setting out the proposed physical improvements to the estate. This work designed a range of detailed environmental improvements.
- 6.2.12 In October 2011 the Council appointed Notting Hill housing Trust as its development partner to build then new homes.

6.2.13 A final Phase 4 of consultation sessions Further consultation sessions took place towards the end of 2012, with a public meeting in April 2013, for residents to look at the detailed proposals for new homes, village square, parking and other environmental improvements.

6.2.14 The overall strategy for the Briar Road Estate is to deliver a range of environmental improvements, including new homes and community facilities. The planning applications submitted thus far relate to new housing proposals which also have an associated programme of environmental improvements.

6.3 Principle of Development

6.3.1 The application site is located within an existing residential estate and, in land use terms, residential development on the site is acceptable in principle and compliant with Policy CP1 of the LDF.

6.3.2 The proposal is considered, in principle, to contribute to the wider regeneration objectives of the Harold Hill Ambitions Programme and to enable physical regeneration of the Briar Road Estate. The detailed impacts of this planning application are considered further below.

6.4 Layout, Design and Visual Impact

6.4.1 The proposed development occupies the site of a former garage court and the construction of a two storey building on this site is not considered to compromise the character and openness of the estate.

6.4.2 The proposed dwelling would directly adjoin the terrace at 1-5 Snowdrop Path. The front eaves level and maximum height of the proposed building would not match that existing being 0.5m and 1m higher. Being set back some distance from the road and the proximity of other buildings, the building would not particularly out of place despite the height difference. Given the context of this particular site, the width of the highway and existing development, the street scene impact is not considered to be unacceptable.

6.4.3 The dwelling would be provided with a private, rear amenity space, 59.5 square metres in area (9.6m wide by 6.2m deep). The amenity space is similar to the prevailing pattern of development locally and is sufficiently private and well screened to provide a useable amenity area. Therefore it is considered to comply with the aims of the Residential Design SPD and provide a suitable quality living environment.

6.4.4 The proposed dwelling would be two storeys high and is of a scale that is compatible with surrounding property in the vicinity of the site. The design of the roof form matches the style of the others in the vicinity. The scale, design and appearance of the proposed dwelling is judged to be compatible with the character of the surrounding area.

6.4.5 No significant community safety issues have been raised and Staff are satisfied with the proposal in this respect subject to a planning condition relating to this issue and landscaping to provide a buffer to the exposed flank walls of existing and proposed houses.

6.5 Impact on Amenity

6.5.1 The proposed siting of the dwellings results in a window to window relationship to 16 Clematis Close with facing windows 12.2 metres apart, with a distance of 5.6 metres to the boundary and rear garden. This is a fairly close relationship, but it is the same as existing between this property and those in Snowdrop Path. As a result, the loss of privacy resulting is not considered to be significantly greater. Elsewhere window to window relationships are at oblique angles and this is considered to be acceptable.

6.5.2 The proposed dwelling is sited such that there are no significant overlooking or amenity issues to the terraces at 1 to 5 Iris Path and 1 to 5 Snowdrop Path. Given the siting, there would be no significant impact in terms of loss of outlook, daylight or sunlight.

6.5.2 The introduction of a house and parking on a previous garage block does not raise any concerns with regard to increase in noise and disturbance.

6.6 Parking and Highway Issues

6.6.1 The proposed development provides a total of 12 parking spaces. The dwelling will be dedicated two parking spaces, which complies with LDF parking requirements for the proposed dwellings.

6.6.2 It is acknowledged that the proposal will involve the loss of existing garage blocks, with the potential number of spaces available to existing residents reducing by 2, although a number of the garages are not presently in use. The plans give an indication that a number of new parking spaces can be formed to the areas adjacent to the site – but as this is outside the application site, this can only be taken as indicative. Overall, therefore, there will be a loss of parking within the estate. Although this application needs to be considered on its own merits, it forms part of a package of proposals for parking provision in the Briar estate and the parking implications of the development need to be considered in the context of the proposed parking strategy for the estate as a whole.

6.6.3 A detailed transport assessment has been carried out, taking into consideration to whole of the estate and the complete package of parking proposals. It notes that the estate as a whole has a wide range and number of unit types and is served by a combination of surface parking spaces and garages, with some properties having in curtilage parking. The estate typically has dwellings arranged around green spaces and recreational areas, with a large proportion of parking provided in rear parking areas connected by alleyways and footpaths.

- 6.6.4 The parking strategy for the proposals is based on the premise that a number of the existing parking areas are under utilised, probably due to lack of natural surveillance, which leaves them prone to vandalism and incidents of anti-social behaviour. Parking surveys have been carried out within the estate to support this view. They suggest that of 656 marked parking bays, some 518 are used on a regular basis. Of the 387 garages across the estate, 216 are currently un-let and in a derelict state.
- 6.6.5 Overall the proposal will remove a total of 277 garages and 335 marked parking spaces but will provide 526 new parking spaces for existing residents and 159 parking spaces for new residents. Viewed in the overall context of the regeneration proposals, Staff consider that the loss of parking resulting from this application would be compensated for by the wider package of the parking strategy, such that no material harm on parking grounds is considered likely to occur.
- 6.6.6 Highways have raised no objection on highway safety or traffic movement grounds. No objections are raised in terms of emergency service access.

6.7 Infrastructure

- 6.7.1 In accordance with the Planning Obligations Supplementary Planning Document a financial contribution of £6,000 to be used towards the infrastructure costs arising from the new development is required. This should be secured through a S106 Agreement.

7. The Mayor's Community Infrastructure Levy

- 7.1 The proposed development is not liable for the Mayor's Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) in accordance with London Plan Policy 8.3. The garages to be demolished contain more floorspace than the proposed dwelling and therefore there is no increase in floorspace against which to apply the levy.

8. Conclusion

- 8.1 The proposed development is acceptable in principle. The design, siting and layout of the proposed development is considered to be in keeping with local character and not to result in any material harm to residential amenity. The development provides an acceptable level of parking for the new dwellings and, considered in conjunction with the wider package of improvement proposals for the Briar Road Estate, is considered to have an acceptable impact on parking and the public highways across the estate as a whole.
- 8.2 The proposal will contribute towards wider regeneration objectives within this part of the Borough and is considered to be acceptable. It is therefore recommended that planning permission is granted.

IMPLICATIONS AND RISKS

Financial implications and risks:

None directly arising from this application.

Legal implications and risks:

Legal resources will be required for the completion of a legal agreement

Human Resources implications and risks:

None.

Equalities implications and risks:

The proposal will increase the range of housing stock within the Borough. It will also enable the regeneration of the Briar Road Estate, which brings with it overall community benefits.

BACKGROUND PAPERS

Application forms, plans and supporting documents received on 28th March 2013.